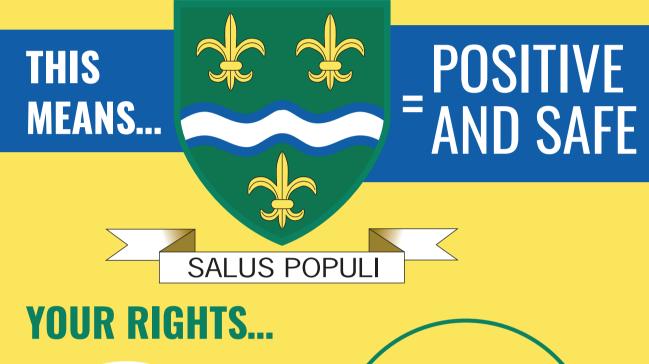
SAFEGUARDING AT **OUR LADY'S** CATHOLIC COLLEGE

What is safeguarding?

The term 'safeguarding children' describes a preventative approach to keeping children safe from suffering or being likely to suffer from significant harm. Safeguarding is the responsibility of all adults.



To feel safe **EVERY** day

> To be listened to

To learn in a safe and positive environment

To feel valued and accepted with a sense of

belonging

To be looked

after physically

and emotionally

Access support and





WHAT IS HARMFUL BEHAVIOR?

Making you feel

 Scared Unwanted

Worthless

In danger

Hurting you

physically or

emotionally

puts you down or is humiliating

Exposing you to

violence or

aggressions

Using language

which is prejudice,

Dismissing your view points and beliefs

Making fun of you

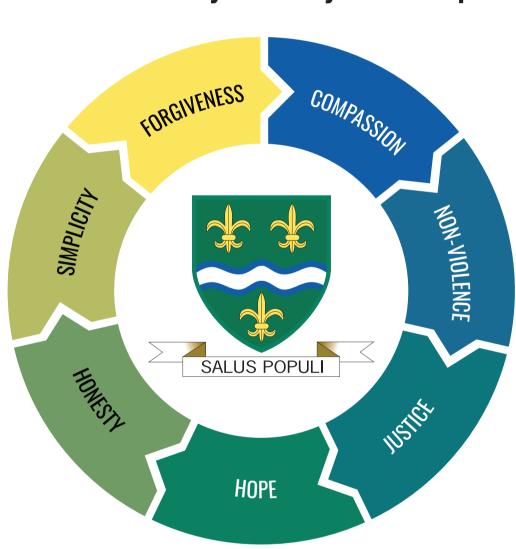
Humiliating you

Forcing you to do anything that could place you in danger

Treating you in any way that is not appropriate for your age

SCHOOL CULTURE (HOW DO WE DO THING)

Our community lives by the Gospel values of...



They are not just words but define our whole school community

- They shape how decisions are made
- How we interact with one another
- How we behave on a day to day basis



TO PROTECT YOUR WELLBEING, WE WILL:

signs that might indicate when a student needs extra support

CREATE	THROUGH PSD AND FORM TIMES (SAFEGUARDING CURRICULUM)	SUPPORT
 A stable and secure environment with clear and consistent 	 Teach you about e safety and the risks of new technologies and social media so that you can use these responsibly We will help you to understand what is acceptable behavior and what makes a healthy relationship 	Support you to attend school regularly
		 Make sure you know who to talk to if you need help
boundaries		 Provide advice and coping strategies
 We will Create a culture where everyone is accepted and differences are celebrated 		organise support and counselling if you need it and work with your families and other professionals to make sure you have the right support in place
We will also make sure our staff have safeguarding training and understand the		

WE WILL ALWAYS LISTEN TO YOU AND GET TO KNOW YOU, THIS WILL HELP US TO IDENTIFY WHEN SOMETHING IS WRONG AND YOU MIGHT **NEED OUR HELP**

You can talk to ANY member of staff about your concerns. Staff will listen to you and take your concerns seriously. To help you, staff will pass your concerns on to our safeguarding team.

CHALLENGE

- We will challenge any aggression prejudice or bullying in school
- We will challenge any derogatory, prejudice or humiliating language used towards others, this is not acceptable and we have a zero tolerance approach to any child on child bullying
- We will challenge anyone who treats others in an aggressive or intimidating way



THE CATEGORIES OF ABUSE

For example: Hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning, suffocating. May include a parent/carer fabricating symptoms or inducing illnesses in a child.

Abuse

Emotional For example: Making a child feel worthless, unloved or got good enough. Not allowing a child to express their views, or 'making fun' of what they say. Inappropriate expectations or witnessing the poor-treatment of another. May involve serious bullying or causing children to feel frightened.

Neglect

For example: failing to provide adequate food, clothing and shelter; failing to protect a child from harm; failing to ensure enough supervision; or access to the right medical care.

Not promoting good attendance at school could be deemed as neglect.

Sexual abuse

Involves forcing or enticing a child to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact or include non-contact activities, such as children looking at, or being involved in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriately, or grooming a child. Sexual abuse can take place online and technology can be used for offline abuse.









IF YOU SEE OR HEAR SOMETHING THAT DOESN'T FEEL RIGHT...

What kind of things might make you feel unsafe?

- Being hurt by an adult or another child
- Unkind or sexualised comments
- Bullying or feeling threatened
- Inappropriate online behaviours
- Being touched in a way that you don't like
- Not being looked after by people at home
- Seeing people you love being hurt
- REPORT IT, **DON'T IGNORE IT!**

KEEPING YOURSELF SAFE TOP TIPS...

- Be social media savvy- don't accept friend requests or communicate online with people you don't know in person
- Keep your social media accounts private so that you can control who is reading your personal information
- Don't share anything online that you wouln't be happy for teachers, future employers or family to see
- Never share private information about yourself OR OTHERS on social media

TELL A TRUSTED ADULT IF:

- If someone treats you in a way that makes you feel embarrassed scared, guilty or
- Don't accept gifts from people you do not know
- Someone touches you in a way that makes you uncomfortable or hurt
- If someone makes you feel uncomfortable or scared and asks you to keep it a secret.
- If you feel that someone is tryuing to control you or make you do things. You maybe worried about upsetting them but in positive relationships no one has the right to control what you do, think or say.

BULLYING

bullying is

physical

bullies can

have power

victims. It can

impact on the

mental and

health of the

physical

victims.

over the

done through

- Repeated behavior which is intended to hurt someone.
- There is never an excuse for bullying ,
- it simply will not be tolerated at OLCC. Bullying can make you feel alone and

In this case, a bully constantly excludes people, defames them in ways that can be troublesome for them. Their behavior can be embarrassing and humiliating for the target.

Never stand by and watch bullying ☐ happen, if you witness bullying tell a member of staff, every member of staff

Keep talking to us...

☐ Tell us if you believe you are being bullied

in this school will help you Verbal bullying is a form of verbal abuse. It is done using rude and insulting words/

remarks. It can be guite detrimental to the

victim's psychological health.

Cyberbullying is Different types of bullying a type of bullying in which victims are bullied actions so that bullying online via the Excluding, Defaming internet and behavior of someone technology Physical bullying who has an intention of devices. It is hurting or intimidating have a serious growing due to the easy connectivity of people via the internet these

Prejudicial bullying is when a victim is bullied based on certain inclinations the bullies have towards like religion, race, gender, sexual orientation, etc.

Sexual bullying is when someone is targeted sexually due to their appearance, sexual development, or attractiveness. This can be very humiliating and challenging to deal with for the

NO ONE HAS THE RIGHT TO TREAT YOU IN A HARMFUL WAY

- How can you 'tell' us anything
- Your PSO this morning has emailed your school email account, email us back
- This link has been emailed to you this morning, complete the concern formhttps://www.olcc.lancs.sch.uk/form/?pid=126&form=24
- Come and speak to us- any adult in school!
- Get parents to let us know
- Tell a friend to let us know

Its important you give us names of victims and bullies, without this we cant take action and it WONT stop.